Process Paper

I had recently read *The Diary of a Part Time Indian* by Sherman Alexie, which introduced me to what it is like to be Native American, and it made me want to learn more about indigenous people. When I learned that the theme for National History Day was Communication in History, I brainstormed with my parents and decided to research the Navajo Code Talkers. Because the Code Talkers were key to communicating in World War II, I thought they related to the theme. Utah has a significant Native American population and is home to part of the Navajo Nation. I wanted to expand my knowledge of Native Americans and learn about their culture and history.

Being a visual learner, I started my research with documentaries and a Hollywood movie. As I got more into my research, I started emailing various people that I thought would be helpful, including a linguist at the University of Utah, a Navajo artist and historian, and the grandson of a Navajo Code Talker. I also watched several interviews of the surviving Navajo Code Talkers. I wasn't able to go to the Navajo Code Talker Museum in New Mexico due to Covid-19 restrictions, but I was able to drive through a portion of the Navajo Nation in Arizona and Utah. I saw how the Navajo live today. I was also able to see a portion of the land that the Navajo hold sacred and fought for during WWII. Lastly, I included some of the photos I took in Monument Valley but found the majority of the historical photographs and documents I used on the National Archives website. I also read some books on the Navajo Code Talkers, including Code Talker, The First and Only Memoir by One of the Original Navajo Code Talkers of WWII written by Chester Nez with Judith Schiess Avila.

At the beginning of this project, I knew very little about Native Americans. Doing this project, my eyes have opened to the culture and oral traditions of the Navajo. I have also learned more about the hardship Americans put the Navajo through. For example, Anglo-Americans tried to erase their language, to change their religion, and to change their looks. Learning that, I was surprised by the irony of Americans using the Navajo language to create a code.

With this information I started to build my project with a slideshow, adding information as I went. Then I used the slides to create my web pages. While doing this I learned Photoshop, website design and internet research skills. I have also gotten very comfortable with asking people I don't know for information on the subject I am studying.

I think being able to communicate in war without your enemy knowing what you're saying is very important. And that relates to my historical argument: The Navajo Code Talkers developed a code that the Japanese could not understand; this code helped the United States communicate to its soldiers and win the war in the Pacific.